

# **Guangzhou Micro-shot Technology Co., Ltd**

# **MF43-N**

# Research grade fluorescence microscope User Manual

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Research grade fluorescence microscope MF43-N

#### Thank you for buying our product!

This unit is a precision optical instrument. Though with high safety design, wrong usage and overlook of this manual can do harm to you and your property. Thus, to ensure the life of this unit and maintain it properly, please read this manual carefully before operating.

#### Safety Reminder



1. Be sure to turn off the power switch and remove the power cord before installing, replacing the bulb or fuse, plugging and unplugging the power supply.

To prevent electric shock or fire, be sure to turn off the power switch and remove the power cord before installing this unit, replacing the bulb or fuse, plugging and unplugging the power supply.



#### Do not disassemble

Except the removable parts mentioned herein, no part of this unit shall be removed, otherwise the performance of this unit may be reduced, or may cause an electric shock, injury or damage to this unit. Please contact the supplier if any fault occurs.

# Warning!

#### Input voltage

Check if the input voltage is consistent with your local voltage supply. If not, do not operate this unit and contact the supplier. Improper input voltage may cause a short circuit or fire thereby causes damage to this unit.



#### Use specific bulb, fuse and power cord

Use of an improper bulb, fuse or power cord may cause damage or fire to this unit. Any extended power cord used must be grounded (PE).



#### 5. Protect this unit from high temperatures, dampness and foreign objects

To prevent short circuit or any other fault, do not expose this unit to any high temperatures or dampness environment for a prolonged period of time. A suitable operating environment is designated at a temperature of 5°C-35°C, and relative humidity of 20%-80% (at 25°C). If water splashes on this unit, turn off the power switch and remove the power cord immediately, and then wipe the water off with dry cloth. When any

foreign object enters or drips onto this unit, please stop operating the unit and contact the supplier.

# Warning!

#### Heat of light source

The lighting bulb generates high temperatures during operation. Do not touch the collector lens or lamp box when the lamp is illuminated, and do not touch the bulb within 30 minutes after the lamp goes out due to high temperatures arising from operation. When replacing the bulb, make sure it has cooled down properly (the lamp should be off for at least 30min).

- $\star$ To prevent burn, do not touch the bulb when the lamp is illuminated or within 30min after it goes out.
- To prevent fire, do not place any fibrous product, paper, flammable or explosive material (e.g., gasoline, petroleum ether, alcohol) near the halogen lamp housing or mercury lamp housing.

#### 7. Coarse/fine focusing knobs

This unit employs a coarse/fine coaxial focusing mechanism. Do not turn the left/right coarse/fine focusing knob in the opposite direction. When the objectives lifting device reaches the limit of motion, do not continue to turn the coarse focusing knob, otherwise the focusing mechanism may be damaged.

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#### 8. Storage place

This unit is a precision optical instrument, and improper operation or storage may cause damage or its precision may be adversely affected. Consider the following when selecting a storage place:

\* Avoid placing the unit under direct sunlight, directly under interior lighting or any other bright place.

\*\* A suitable operating environment is designated at a temperature of 5°C-35°C, and relative humidity of 20%-80% (at 25°C). Do not expose this unit to high temperatures, dampness or dust for a prolonged period of time, otherwise mist or mold may develop or dust may deposit on the lens, thus cause damage to this unit and shortening its life.

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#### 9. Installation of bulb

Caution!

Do not touch the glass surface of the bulb directly with bare hands. When mounting the bulb, wear gloves or wrap it with cotton material.

- Wipe off any dirt on the surface of the bulb with a clean cotton fabric dipped in alcohol. If the dirt is not thoroughly removed, it would etch the surface of the bulb weakening its brightness and shortening its life.
- \* Mount the bulb with care to avoid slipping off or injuries to your fingers.
- When replacing the bulb, make sure its contact is intact. If its contact is damaged, the bulb may be disabled or short-circuited.
- When replacing the bulb, the feet should be inserted into the holder as deeply as possible. If the feet are not tightly inserted, the bulb may go out or short circuit.

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#### 10. Instrument handling

Caution!

Warning!

This precision optical instrument is heavy and should be handled with care. Strong impact and rough handling are strictly prohibited, it may cause damage to this unit.

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#### 11. Environmental protection

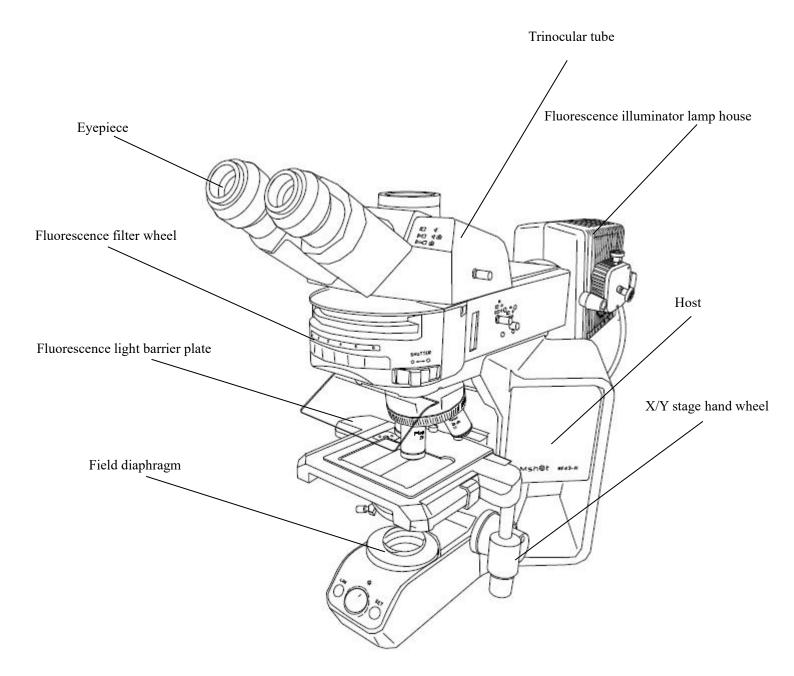
Please dispose the wastes from the packaging and operation of this unit by category such as cartoon, foam, plastic, bulb and etc. Do not discard the damaged mercury lamp carelessly in order

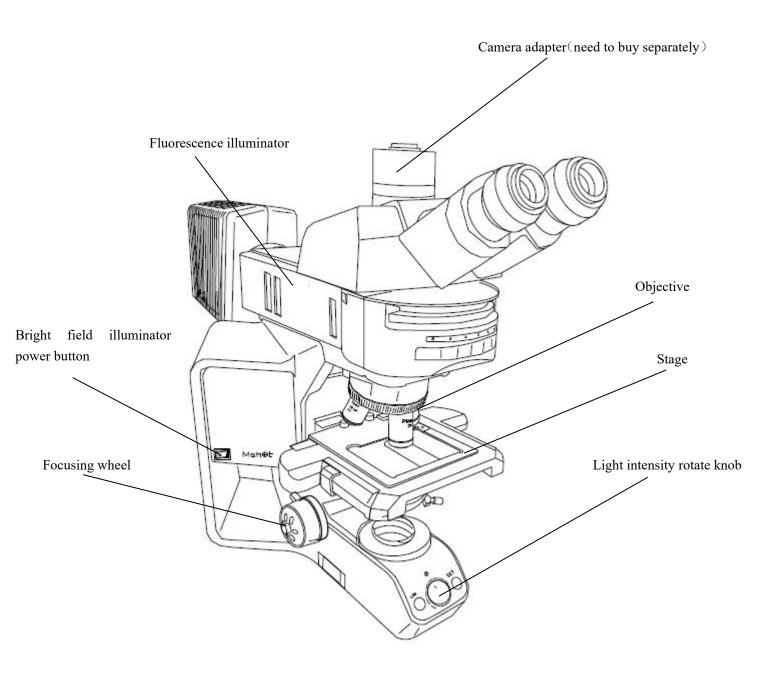
to avoid creating environmental poll

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# **I.Components**

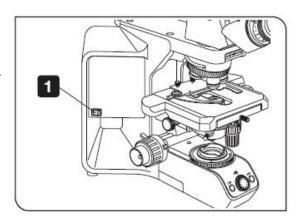




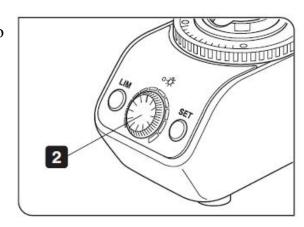
# II.Installation and operation

# 2-1. Basic operation

1. Turn on the power supply: turn on the power supply and turn the main switch on the side of the microscope to the "-" state.

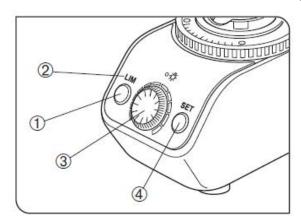


2. Adjust the light intensity: turn the knob to adjust the lighting intensity.



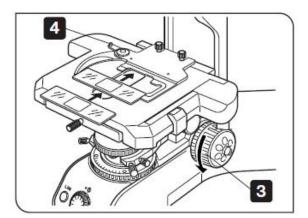
## SET LIM(light intensity control) brightness

- 1. Turn off LIM switch ① (when LIM indicator light ② is off) and turn the low magnification objective into the light path to focus the sample.
- $2\$  Turn the brightness adjustment knob 3 to select the best observation brightness. Press the LIM setting button (set key) to input the current brightness.
- 3. Repeat the above steps to set the best brightness for each objective.



Each objective can be set a special brightness separately. After setting the brightness for the objective lens, when the objective lens is selected, turn on LIM switch ①, and the brightness will be automatically adjusted to the preset value; If it is necessary,

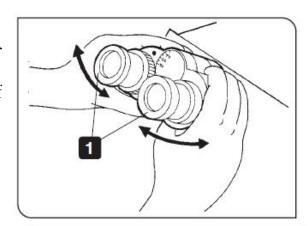
to reset the best brightness, turn off LIM switch ① (when LIM indicator light ② goes out), turn the objective lens that needs to reset the best brightness into the optical path, turn off Lim switch, and then repeat the above steps 3 and



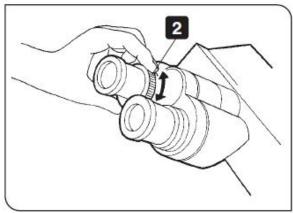
- 4. Rotating the focusing knob to lower the stage.
- 3. Pull the slide holder apart and place the slide.
- 4. Rotate the objective holder to turn the 10x objective into the optical path ( Adjust the fluorescent accessory to neutral)
- 5. Rotate the coarse and fine focus system to focus the sample.
- 6. Moving the stage control hand wheel to adjust the observation sample area

## 2-2 Microscope adjustment

1. Adjust the pupil distance: adjust the binocular lens tube to the left and right till the right field of view is completely coincident.



Adjust the diopter: turn the diopter adjusting rings on both sides to the scale "0", turn the 40x objective into the optical path, observe with the right eye from the right eye lens, and focus the sample by rotating the coarse and fine focus



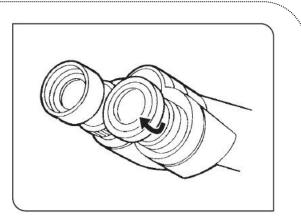
spiral. Turn the 10x objective into the optical path, and turn the right diopter adjusting ring

① to focus the sample. Do not adjust the coarse and fine focusing knob during focusing system. Use the left eye to observe from the left lens, turn the left diopter adjusting ring ② to focus the sample.

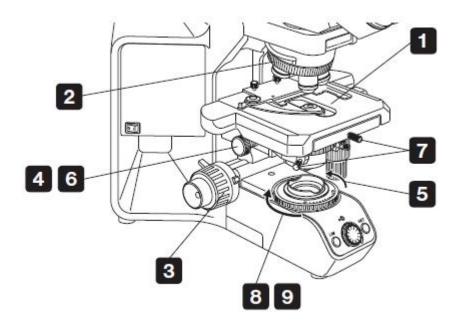
#### Use eyepiece rubber clap

When wearing glasses, put the goggles in the normal folded position to prevent eye contact and scratching.

When not wearing glasses, open the folded eyepiece rubber clap in the direction of the arrow to prevent the external light between the eyepiece and the eye from entering.



# 2-3 Adjust alignment

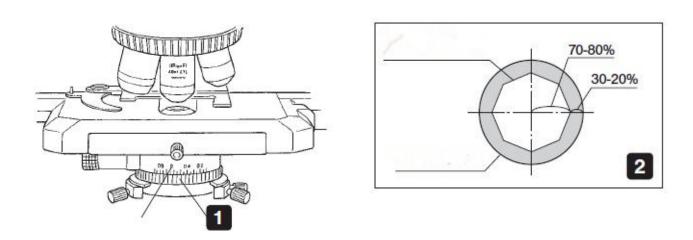


- 1. Put on the sample.
- 2. Rotate the objective nosepiece and select 10x objective.
- 3. Turn the coarse and fine focusing knob to focus the sample.

- 4. Turn the height of the condenser and adjust the knob of the condenser to raise the condenser to the highest level.
- 5. Rotate the field of view diaphragm adjusting ring along the direction of the arrow to reduce the diaphragm.
- 6. Turn the coarse and fine focusing knob to focus the field aperture image.
- 7. Turn the two centering screws of the condenser to move the field aperture image to the center of the field of view.
- 8. Rotate the adjustment ring of the field of view diaphragm to make the field of view diaphragm connected to the field of view.

Note: do not screw the fixing screw of the condenser in the middle of the alignment knob wrong

# 2-4 Adjustable aperture diaphragm

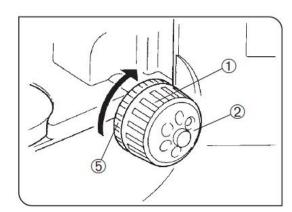


1. Rotate the adjusting ring of the numerical aperture of the condenser to make the numerical aperture of the condenser equal to 70% - 80% of the numerical aperture of the objective. According to the image, the aperture size can be adjusted to the position of moderate image resolution and contrast.

2. Remove the eyepiece and observe from the lens barrel. The aperture image can be seen, as shown in Figure 2 above.

## 2-5Focusing system

- ① Coarse focus knob: move the stage up and down to focus
- 2 Fine focus knob (right side of frame): fine adjustment of focusing position



- (3) Fine focus knob (left side of bracket) to fine adjust the focus position
- 4 Coarse focus limiting device: set the upper limit of stage position (to avoid collision)

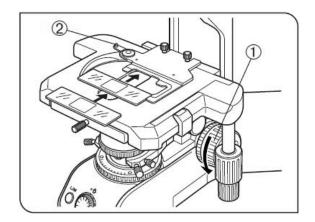
  After locking the coarse focus limit device, the coarse adjustment travel will be limited to the position set by the limit and cannot rise to the height beyond the limit.
- 5 Loose and tight device for coarse and accurate focus: adjust coarse and accurate focus, rotate focus, rotate focus
- 6 The tightness of the knob as it turns. The coarse focusing device has been adjusted in advance and is easy to use.

If necessary, the loose and tight state can be changed by using the loose and tight device ⑤. When the adjusting ring is rotated in the direction of the arrow, the helical tension of the coarse focus increases, on the contrary, it decreases.

### 2-6 Stage

①Turn the coarse focusing knob to lower the stage.

②Open the spring finger ② on the slide holder, slide one or two sample slides from the front into the stage.



(3) Push the slide in as far as you can, and then gently release the trigger

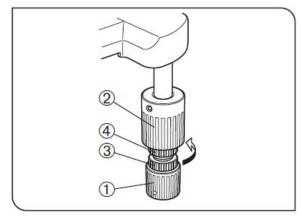
The slide size should be  $26 \times 76$ mm, 0.9 to 1.2mm in thickness, and 0.17mm in thickness. When observing a large sample, remove the clip and put the sample directly on the stage.

2-7 Adjust the tension of the x-axis and y-axis knobs

Hold the x-axis knob ①, screw the y-axis knob ② upward to expose the knob rod.

1. Turn the x-axis adjusting knob 3 or y-axis adjusting knob 4 clockwise (arrow direction) to increase the tension, and turn the y-axis adjusting knob 4 counterclockwise to decrease the tension.

If the tension is adjusted too tightly, the clucking sound can be heard when the stage rises

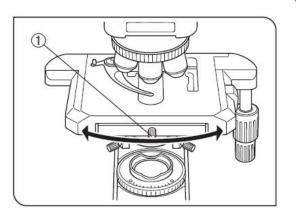


or falls, or the accuracy of the stage stop is reduced.

#### Rotating stage

- 1. Slightly loosen the table fixing knob 1.
- 2. Using the fixed knob of the loading platform, the platform can rotate clockwise or anticlockwise.

It is normal to hear and feel a click during rotation

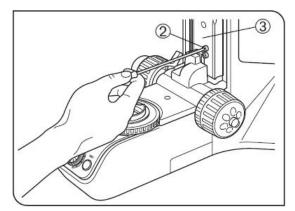


Adjust the height of the stage

- 1. Lower the stage to the lowest level, and then remove the stage from the microscope.
- 2. Using a hexagon screw driver, loosen the fixed screw ① of the stage bracket to remove the stage bracket.
- 3. Turn the coarse focus knob to raise the focus slide plate ③ to the place where the limit screw can be seen from the mirror arm
- 4. Use a hexagon screw driver to loosen and remove the upper limit screw 2.

Re-install the stage bracket and stage

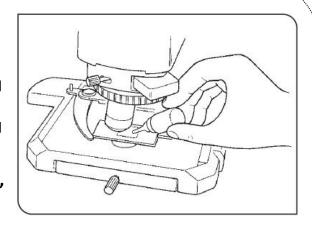
Please keep the removed screws properly for reuse.



#### Use oil mirror

- 1. Focus the sample in the order from low magnification objective to high magnification objective
- 2. Before using the oil lens, place a drop of oil on the area to be observed of the sample.
- 3. Turn the objective nosepiece into the optical path and adjust the fine focus button.

Bubbles in the oil will affect the observation, please make sure there are no bubbles in the oil

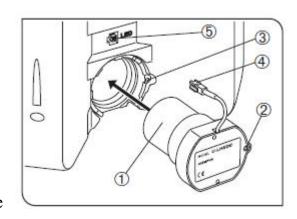


# III、 Installation steps

# 3-1 Install LED light room

- 1. Insert in the bright field illuminator to the lamo socket on the bottom of the microscope body back.

  Use the hexagon key to tighten the set screw ②.
- 3. Insert the plug ④ on the lamp chamber into the



socket of microscope ⑤.

# 3-2Install the objective nosepiece

- 1. Turn the coarse focusing knob to lower the stage.
- 2. Slightly loosen the fixing screw ① of the objective turntable.
- 3. Do not screw the fixing screw ① too loose, otherwise it is difficult to replace the objective nosepiece.
- 2. Hold the objective lens nosepiece, keep the dovetail mounting port ② horizontal, insert it into the dovetail ③ on the microscope arm, and gently push it into the end.
- 3. Tighten the fixing screw of objective lens turntable ①.

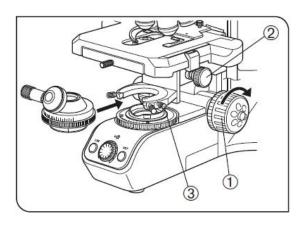
When installing or removing the objective nosepiece with cable, the cable must be removed in advance.

# 3-3 Installing cables

Pass the cable ④ under the microscope body arm to the rear panel, let the cable pass through the cable rack, and then plug the cable into the socket on the rear panel.

# 3-4 Install the condenser

1. Turn the coarse focusing knob ① to raise the stage to the highest position.



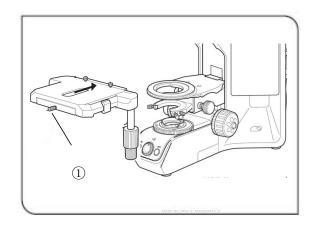
- 2. Turn the condenser height adjusting knob ②to minimize the condenser frame.
- 3. Completely loosen the fixing screw ③ of the condenser.
- 4. Hold the condenser with the numerical aperture number facing forward. Carefully push the condenser into the innermost part along the dovetail slot.
- 5. Tighten the fixing screw ③ of the condenser, and then raise the condenser to the highest position.

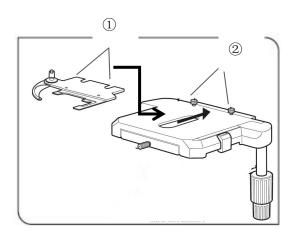
# 3-5 Install the stage

- 1. Place the stage gently on the stage bracket of the microscope body and clip it into the fixed position of the bracket to prevent the stage from shaking up and down.
- 2. Tighten the fixing screw ① of the stage.

# 3-6 Install the gripper

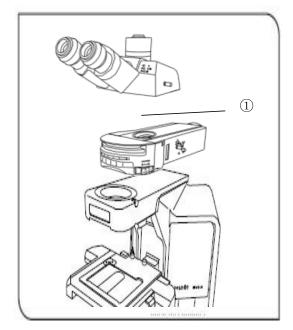
- 1. Gently clip the two bayonets ① of the gripper into the fixing screw ② of the gripper along the stage.
- $2\sqrt{1}$  Tighten the clip holder fixing screw  $2\sqrt{2}$ .





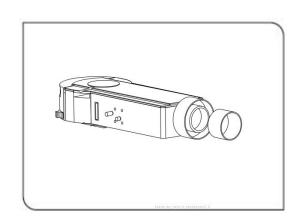
### 3-7 Install the fluorescent module

Clip the dovetail interface of the fluorescence module into the dovetail slot of the microscope host, and tighten the right inner hexagon screw ①.



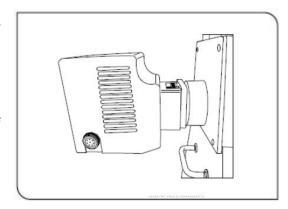
# 3-8 Installation of fluorescent light box

Insert in the concave lens into the fluorescence module, lens should be toward to the light port.



Connect the broad-spectrum LED lamp house to the fluorescence attachment light port, locking the fix screws on the two sides of the lamp house to fix it.

Notice: Slightly take and put the lamp house, tighten fixing the screws to avoid it falling.



# 3-9 Fluorescent module installation cable.

Please carefully take out the light source, power



control box and power cord from the packing box. Before installation, remove the foam blocks of each packing box, packing bag and each support pad, and place all parts on the table smoothly, and then insert the transmission cord into the ① position

As shown in Figure 2, find the position ② of the transmission cord adapter on the back of the power control box, and connect the back transmission cord.

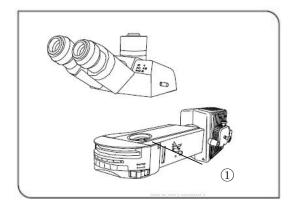


As shown in Figure 3, find the position ③ of the power adapter on the side of the light source, connect the power cord, and connect the power socket to the adapter.



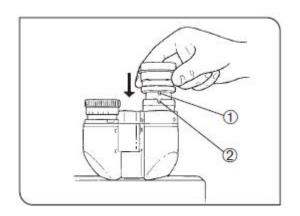
# 3-10 Install the eyepiece tube

Clip the dovetail connector of the three lens barrel into the dovetail slot above the fluorescent module, and tighten the right inner hexagon screw ①.



# 3-11 Installing eyepiece

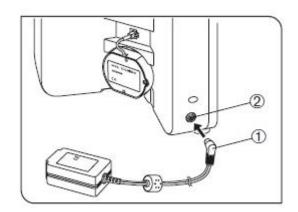
Gently insert the two eyepieces into the eyepiece barrel until the end. When using the eyepiece with micrometer, the eyepiece can be installed in the right eyepiece barrel.



# 3-12 Install the adapter

Insert the plug of the power adapter ① into the socket of the microscope.

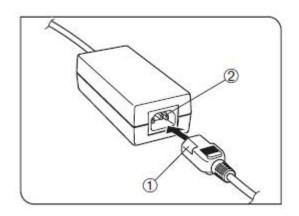
When bending and winding, the power cord is easy to be damaged, do not use too much



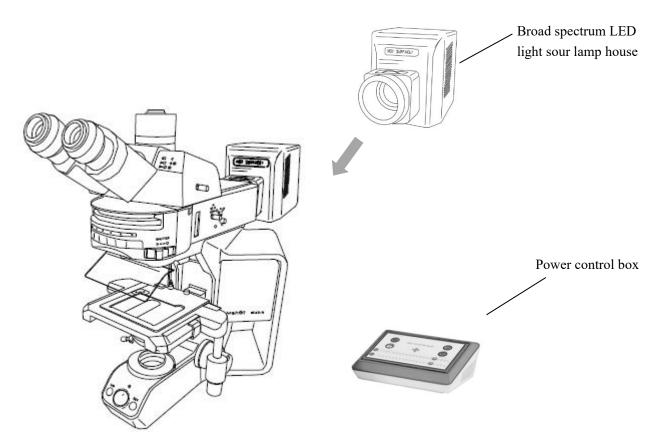
force. Be sure to turn off the main switch before connecting the power cord Always use the specified adapter to avoid failure.

# 3-13 Install the power cord

1. Firmly insert the power cord plug ① into the input socket ② of the adapter



# IV. Broad spectrum LED light source



This light source is an optional product, providing three bands of LED light sources, corresponding to UV 360-380nm, B 430-465nm and G 505-545nm respectively.

# 4-1 Basic operations

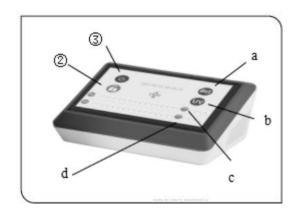
## Controller diagram

- ① power botton
- 2 lock screen switch
- 3 main switch
- a. B/G channel switch a
- b. UV channel switch b
- c. UV Brightness adjustment rod c
- d. B/G Brightness adjustment rod d



## 2. Light source usage steps

First, as shown in Figure 5, press the main switch ③, then touch the B/G switch a, and adjust the brightness of the B/G band light source through the B/G brightness rod c. The B/G digital display range is 0 -100;



Before switching to UV light source, cancel the B/G light switch a. After touching the UV switch b,adjust the brightness of the UV band light source through the UV brightness rod d. The UV digital display range is 0-100;

- 3.2.2 When not using B/G or UV, touch the switch a or b again, then the corresponding light source will be turned off. Touch the switch ② When you need to lock the screen, then you cannot modify the data.
- $\bigstar$  This product provides continuous spectral range 350-400/400-700.
- ★ After touching the main switch ③, it is impossible to adjust the brightness cod directly. You must press the switch a/b again to activate the corresponding light before adjusting it.

# $\boldsymbol{V}$ . Troubleshooting guidance

Problem	Lighting	Reason	Handle
TT1 1: 1 . :	Common	No power on	Turn on the switch of bright field
The light is not bright	Mercury lamp	No power is connected	Turn on the switch of mercury light source
The light hulls		The bulb model used is wrong	Please use the correct type of bulb
The light bulb	Mercury	Voltage instability	Installing the voltage regulator
burned out	burned out lamp	The bulb has reached its	Replace the appropriate bulb
	Common	LIM setting is not correct	Re-setting LIM
		The aperture diaphragm and field diaphragm are not large enough	Adjust to the right size
		The split rod is located at	Move the splitter lever to
TI C 11 C		position	the or or
The field of view is dark		The condenser is not properly aligned	Re centering the condenser
		The condenser is too low	Adjust the height of condenser
		Mercury lamp power is	Turn on the switch on the mercury
	Fluoresce	not on	lamp power control box
	nce	The light path of mercury	Adjust the light path alignment of
		lamp is not aligned	mercury lamp

		The field aperture and aperture aperture aperture of the fluorescent module are not large enough	Adjust to the right size
		The bulb has reached its service life	Replace the bulb
		LIM function is turned on	Turn off LIM function
The brightness	Common	The condenser is not properly aligned	Re centering the condenser
does not		The condenser is too low	Adjust the height of condenser
change	Fluoresce	Normal condition	If you need to reduce the brightness, you can use a brightness attenuator
The field of		The objective nosepiece is not in place	Make sure that the objective nosepiece is in the position of the click sound card
bright, even	Common	The objective nosepiece is not installed correctly	Push the sliding dovetail connector all the way to the inside
the field of view is not		The condenser is not installed correctly	Re install the condenser
ıllumınated		The condenser is not properly aligned	Re centering the condenser

		The field of view aperture is too small	Open the field of view aperture  until the field of view is  circumscribed
		Dirt or dust on eyepiece	
		There is dirt or dust on	
		the surface of the	Wing it all aloon
See dirt or		condenser	Wipe it all clean
dust in the	Common	There is dirt or dust on	
field of view		the sample	
		There is dirt or dust on	
		the filter in the	Blow out with a ball
		fluorescent accessory	
Poor		The condenser is too low	Adjust the height of condenser
visibility/		The aperture is too small	Open the aperture to the best position
The image is		The objective nosepiece	Push the dovetail joint all the way
not obvious/		is not installed correctly	to the inside
	Common	The lens of the objective	
Poor contrast/		is dirty	Clean the objective lens
		For oil mirrors, no	TT ' '1
The details		immersion is used	Use immersion oil
are unclear/		There are bubbles in the	D 111
		oil	Bubble removal

Dazzling		There is dirt or dust on	
images/		the sample	CI
		There is dirt or dust on	Clean up
		the condenser	
		The condenser drops too	Adjust the height of the condenser
		high	to the minimum
		The aperture is too large	Reduce the aperture to a minimum
	Fluoresce	The sample is not ideal	Sample preparation or
	nce	The sample is not ideal	replacement
		The dye does not match	Consult the manufacturer and
		the fluorescence band	recommend the appropriate
		the fracteseence cana	scheme
		The objective nosepiece is not in place	Make sure that the objective
			nosepiece is in the position of the
		15 Het III p1660	click sound card
		Incorrect installation of	Re install the stage
The image is		stage	The sale was take stage
blurred on	Common	Incorrect installation of	Push the dovetail joint all the way
one side		objective nosepiece	to the inside
		The condenser is out of	Re-centering the condenser
		alignment	The contenting the condenser
		The thickness of the	Replace the sample or prepare the
		sample is not uniform	sample again

		Incorrect installation of	Push the dovetail joint all the way
The image fluctuates	Common	The objective nosepiece is not in place	Make sure that the objective nosepiece is in the position of the click sound card
		The condenser is out of alignment	Re-centering the condenser
The focus		The adjustment of the tightening device of the focusing knob is too tight	Loosen the adjusting knob elastic device
knob is  difficult to  turn	Common	After locking the limit device of coarse collimation knob, try to adjust the stage with coarse collimation knob	Turn on the limit device of coarse quasi focus knob
Image cannot be focused / the stage slides automatically / the coarse and fine focus knob slides	Common/ fluorescen ce	Too loose adjustment of coarse collimation knob tightening device	Tighten the loose device of coarse collimation knob

The coarse focusing can not rise all the time	Common/ fluorescen ce	The coarse collimation knob limit device blocks the stage	Turn on the limit device of coarse focusing knob
Coarse focus can never be reduced	Common/ fluorescen ce	The condenser frame is too low	Raise the condenser frame
Before focusing, the objective collides with the sample	Common/ fluorescen ce	The sample is upside down	Install the sample correctly
		The pupil distance is not adjusted correctly	Correct adjustment of pupil distance
The field of		The diopter was not adjusted properly	Correct adjustment of diopter
view of one eye is different from	Common	The eyepiece used in the left and right eyes is different	Use two identical eyepieces
that of the other		Not suitable for	When viewing from the eyepiece, look at the whole field of view
		microscopic observation	before focusing on the sample range

X-axis and		The tension in the	
y-axis knob	Common	horizontal direction of	A direction atomaica
are too tight	Common	the x-axis or y-axis knob	Adjusting tension
or too loose		is too high or too low	

Please operate with both hands carefully when installing, and be careful not to drop and damage the light source and accessories!

- ★ Clean the objective lens regularly. The objective lens is very sensitive to dust.
- $\bigstar$  During the operation, low power (such as 4x / 10x) objective lens is used to search and focus the sample, and then other power objective lens is used for observation as needed.
- ★ When changing the objective lens, rotate the objective lens converter until the "click" sound is heard to ensure that the required objective lens enters the light path.
- For the determination of the most suitable position of the camera interface, the specimen can be adjusted to a clear position by eyepiece observation, and then the imaging can be observed by installing the camera. Meanwhile, the position of the camera interface shall be adjusted accordingly to the clearest position of imaging, and then screw the screw at the No. XI.
- The middle of the fuse is thin glass. Please operate carefully when opening the drawer of the fuse box and ejecting the fuse.

# VI. Specification sheet

Item	Specification			
M:	Optical system	Universal Infinity-corrected optical system		
Microscope frame	Structure	Original from international famous brand microscope		
01	Super widefield trinocu	ılar head		
Observation	Wide field eyepiece 10X, FN25, diopter is adjustable			
Revolving nosepiece	Interchangeable revers	ed quintuple nosepiece		
	Infinity plan semi-apoo	chromatic fluorescence objective M-UPLFLN 4X/0.13 , WD: 17.15mm		
	Infinity plan semi-apoo	chromatic fluorescence objective M-UPLFLN 10X/0.3, WD: 7.68mm		
Objectives	Infinity plan semi-apoo	chromatic fluorescence objective M-UPLFLN 40X/0.75 , WD: 0.78mm		
Objectives	Infinity plan semi-apoo	chromatic fluorescence objective M-UPLFLN 100XO/1.30, WD: 0.15mm		
	Ontional abjectives	Infinity plan semi-apochromatic fluorescence objective M-UPLFLN 20X/0.50		
	Optional objectives	Plan Fluor 4X/10X/20X/40X/100X Oil		
	Turret accommodates 1	maximum sextuple filter block cubes		
	Blue, Green and UV fi	lters		
	Digital control LED lig	ght control box, AC110V/220V		
	100W broad-spectrum LED light source			
Epi-fluorescence	Filter units	Wavelength		
illumination	FB-U-M	EX:375/30nm,DM:415nm,EM:460/50nm		
system	FB-B-M	EX:475/30nm,DM:505nm,EM:530/40nm		
	FB-G-M	EX:540/25nm,DM:565nm,EM:605/55nm		
		100W HG mercury light box, center and focusing distance are adjustable		
	Optional illuminating	Digital control mercury light control box, AC110V/220V		
	system	Osram HBO 100W DC mercury lamp		
G4		I stage with left or right hand low drive control: with rotating mechanism and		
Stage	1 0	torque adjustment mechanism, optional rubber grips available  Travel distance 80mm×50mm, 1mm per scale, accuracy 0.1mm		
		· ·		
Focus	25 mm stage stroke with coarse adjustment limit stopper, torque adjustment for coarse adjustment knobs, stage mounting position variable, minimum adjustment gradations: 1 μm			
Transmitted				
illumination system	Warm white LED lamp, brightness is continuously adjustable  Abbe condenser, N.A. 1.1			
Power line	According to user's country electrical requirement			
Screw driver	M3.0 hexagon screw d	river		
Accessories	Immersion oil			
Dust cover	MSHOT special dust cover			
Optional adapters	1X/0.5X/0.75X C-mou	1X/0.5X/0.75X C-mount adapter		

# **Optional accessories**

Model	Specification	Qty
Semi-fluorescence objective	Plan Fluor 20X/0.5 working distance: 2mm	1
	UPLFLN4X/0.13 working distance: 17mm	1
Olympus semi plan	UPLFLN10X2/0.3 working distance: 10mm	1
fluorescence objective  (production time is not	UPLFLN20X/0.5 working distance: 2.1mm	1
stable)	UPLFLN40X/0.75 working distance: 0.51mm	1
	UPLFLN100XO2/1.3 working distance: 0.2mm	1
	M-PCD-BX	1
Dhaga contract common onto	PLCN10X/0.25PH working distance: 10.6mm	1
Phase contrast components	PLCN20X/0.4PH working distance: 1.2mm	1
	PLCN40X/0.65PH working distance: 0.6mm	1
Polarizing components	Optional	1
Dark field components	Optional	1